PrimeGene a biotechne brand

Recombinant Rat Interferon-gamma (rRtIFN-γ)

PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

Catalog Number:	146-06
Source:	Escherichia coli.
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 15.5 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 134 amino acids.
Quantity:	20µg/100µg/1000µg
AA Sequence:	QGTLIESLES LKNYFNSSSM DAMEGKSLLL DIWRNWQKDG NTKILESQII SFYLRLFEVL
	KDNQAISNNI SVIESHLITN FFSNSKAKKD AFMSIAKFEV NNPQIQHKAV NELIRVIHQL
	SPESSLRKRK RSRC
Purity:	> 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity:	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED ₅₀ as determined by an anti-viral assay
	using murine L929 cells infected with encephalomyocarditis (EMC) virus is less than 0.1 ng/ml,
	corresponding to a specific activity of $> 1.0 \times 10^7$ IU/mg.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered concentrated solution in 1 \times PBS, pH 7.4, 1 mM DTT, 5 %
	Trehalose and 0.05 % Tween-80.
Endotoxin:	Less than 0.1 EU/ μ g of rRtIFN- γ as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the
	bottom. Reconstitute in 10 mM HAc to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be
	apportioned into working aliquots and stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in
	appropriate buffered solutions.
Shipping:	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature
	recommended below.
Stability & Storage:	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Usage:	This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further
	evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE .

Rat Interferon-gamma

Interferon-gamma (IFN- γ), also known as Type II interferon or immune interferon, is a cytokine produced primarily by Tlymphocytes and natural killer cells. The protein shares no significant homology with IFN- β or the various IFN- α family proteins. Mature IFN- γ exists as noncovalently-linked homodimers. It shares high sequence indentity with murine IFN- γ (86 %). IFN- γ was originally characterized based on its antiviral activities. The protein also exerts antiproliferative, immunoregulatory and proinflammatory activities and is thus important in host defense mechanisms. IFN- γ induces the production of cytokines, upregulates the expression of class I and II MHC antigens, Fc receptor and leukocyte adhesion molecules. It modulates macrophage effector functions, influences isotype switching and potentiates the secretion of immunoglobulins by B cells. Additionally, IFN- γ augments TH1 cell expansion and may be required for TH1 cell differentiation.

Website: www.primegene.com Fax: +86 21 61077348 Email: info.pg@bio-techne.com