

PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

Catalog Number:	121-11
Source:	<i>Escherichia coli</i> .
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 19.1 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 179 amino acids.
Quantity:	2μg/10μg/1000μg
AA Sequence:	MPGPPAGSPR VSSDPRADLD SAVLLTRSLL ADTRQLAAQM RDKFPADGDHSLDSLPTLAM SAGTLGSLQL PGVLTRLRVD LMSYLRHVQW LRRAGGPSLKTLEPELGALQ ARLERLLRRL QLLMSRLALP QAAPDQPVIP LGPPASAWGSIRAAHAILGG LHLTLDWAVR GLLLLKTRL
Purity:	> 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity:	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED ₅₀ as determined by a cell proliferation assay using murine T11 cells is less than 2 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of > 5.0 × 10 ⁵ IU/mg.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin:	Less than 1 EU/μg of rMuIL-11 as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Shipping:	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage:	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. <ul style="list-style-type: none">● 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.● 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.● 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Usage:	This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Murine Interleukin-11

Interleukin-11 (IL-11) is encoded by the IL11 gene. IL-11 is a multifunctional cytokine first isolated from bone marrow-derived stromal cells. IL-11 receptor activation requires formation of a complex of two IL-11 molecules with two molecules of the ligand-binding IL-11 R α subunit and two molecules of the expressed cell signaling β subunit, gp130. IL-11 is a member of the IL-6 superfamily, distinguished based on their use of the common co-receptor gp130. IL-11 can directly stimulate the proliferation of hematopoietic stem cells and megakaryocyte progenitor cells, and induce megakaryocyte maturation resulting in increased platelet production. Mature murine IL-11 shares 88 % amino acid sequence identity with human IL-11.