

Recombinant Human Glial Cell-derived Neurotrophic Factor (rHuGDNF)

PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

Catalog Number: 107-14

Source: Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight: Approximately 30.1 kDa, a homodimeric protein consisting of two 134 amino acid non-glycosylated

polypeptide chains.

Quantity: $2\mu g/10\mu g/1000\mu g$

AA Sequence: SPDKQMAVLP RRERNRQAAA ANPENSRGKG RRGQRGKNRG CVLTAIHLNV

TDLGLGYETK EELIFRYCSG SCDAAETTYD KILKNLSRNR RLVSDKVGQA

CCRPIAFDDD LSFLDDNLVY HILRKHSAKR CGCI

Purity: > 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Biological Activity: Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED_{50} as determined by a cell proliferation

assay using rat C6 cells is less than 0.1 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of $> 5.0 \times 10^7$

IU/mg.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a $0.2 \mu m$ filtered concentrated solution in $1 \times PBS$, pH 7.4, with 0.05 % Tween-20.

Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 EU/μg of rHuGDNF as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution: We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the

bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and

stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

Shipping: The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature

recommended below.

Stability & Storage: Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Usage: This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further

evaluation purposes. **NOT FOR HUMAN USE**.

Human Glial Cell-derived Neurotrophic Factor

Glial cell-derived neurotrophic factor is a neurotrophic factor that enhances survival and morphological differentiation of dopaminergic neurons and increases their high-affinity dopamine uptake. It is a founding member of the GDNF family of ligands (GFL) and has been shown to interact with GFRA2 and GDNF family receptor alpha. GDNF (monomer) contains seven conserved cysteine residues, one of which (Cys 101) is used for inter-chain disulfide bridging and the others are involved in intramolecular ring formation known as the cysteine knot configuration. Rat and human mature GDNF shows 93 % sequence identity and have species cross-reactivity.

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